

# Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 05.09.2016

Version number 12

Revision: 05.09.2016

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

- Trade name: **Seilo 80 Weiss**
- Article number: SK 30, SK 33, SK 28, SK 29

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Application of the substance / the mixture No further relevant information available.
- Knife filler/ Surfacer  
Polyester resin

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

- Manufacturer/Supplier: Seitz + Kerler GmbH & Co. KG Tel. +49 9352 8787-0  
Friedenstraße 5-8 Fax. +49 9352 8787-11  
D 97816 Lohr a. Main e-mail info@seilo.de

- Further information obtainable from: Laboratory

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Product Safety Department AKEMI chemisch technische Spezialfabrik GmbH  
Tel. +49(0)911-64296-59  
Reachable during the following office hours:  
Monday – Thursday from 07:30 a.m. to 16:30 p.m.  
Friday from 07:30 a.m. to 13:30 p.m.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS08 health hazard

Repr. 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
STOT RE 1 H372 Causes damage to the hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



GHS07

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.  
Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Response: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### 2.2 Label elements

- Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

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· Hazard pictograms

GHS02 GHS07 GHS08

· Signal word

Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:· Hazard statements

styrene

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to the hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Precautionary statements

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102

Keep out of reach of children.

P103

Read label before use.

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260

Do not breathe vapours.

P273

Avoid release to the environment.

P280

Wear protective gloves / eye protection.

P281

Use personal protective equipment as required.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P302+P352

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P405

Store locked up.

P403+P235

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· **2.3 Other hazards**

During processing and product hardening the network generator is released as fume. Consequently, take care for adequate air conditioning and for fume exhaustion on request.

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment· PBT:

Not applicable.

· vPvB:

Not applicable.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**· **3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures**· Description:

Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:

CAS: 100-42-5 EINECS: 202-851-5 Index number: 601-026-00-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457861-32	styrene Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 2, H361d; STOT RE 1, H372; Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	<12.5%
CAS: 7779-90-0 EINECS: 231-944-3 Index number: 030-011-00-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119485044-40-0000	trizinc bis(orthophosphate) Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	1-5%

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· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****· 4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- General information: Take affected persons out into the fresh air.  
Position and transport stably in side position.  
Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- After skin contact: If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.  
Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- After swallowing: If symptoms persist consult doctor.

**· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

- Headache  
Disziness  
Disziness  
Nausea
- Information for doctor: Symptoms in intoxication with (aromatic) hydrocarbons (dosis letalis about 30 g)  
a) In acute intoxication: headache, dizziness, euphoria, gastro-intestinal dysfunction, state of excitement, coma.  
b) In chronic intoxication: myelotoxic damage, fatigue, dizziness, emaciation, cardiac palpitation after physical exercise, leucopenia, anemia, leukosis.  
Therapy in hydrocarbons intoxication: In case of inhalation provision of fresh air; in case of peroral intake administration of Carbo medicinalis; only after intubation conduct of gastrolavage in application of Carbo medicinalis; in case of cramps administration of Diazepam 20 mg intravenously.  
With reference to section 2 the formulation contains styrene in the indicated mass concentration range. Styrene fumes will preferably be incorporated by inhalation via respiratory tract, skin resorption is currently considered as an inferior way of incorporation. In case of inhalation styrene is absorbed in a 60-90% range. Distribution in organism occurs rapidly, the maximum blood concentration can be analyzed after one hour after incorporation. Styrene exposition affects skin, mucous membranes, and central nervous system (CNS).  
Acute damages / risks to health:  
In case of styrene poisoning mainly damages to and interactions with central nervous system (CNS) arise. In concentration ranges above 200 ml/m3 symptoms such as fatigue, nausea, imbalance and prolonged response times are observed.  
Chronical health risks:  
Effects at central and peripheral nervous system and respiratory tract are evident in literature.  
Main health risks are:  
- prolonged response times  
- reduced cognitive performance, partial amnesia  
- retardation of nervous impulse transition speed  
- disturbances of pulmonary function  
Danger of impaired breathing.
- Hazards Skin contact with polyester and epoxy resin solutions as ingredient of the product should be avoided due to risks of skin irritations or allergic skin appearances. If occasional hand contact can not be avoided, protection gloves, proper protection ointments and protective agents generating a protective layer on the skin were applied.

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· **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

If swallowed, gastric irrigation with added, activated carbon.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**· **5.1 Extinguishing media**

· Suitable extinguishing agents: CO<sub>2</sub>, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

· For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

Water with full jet

· **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO)

Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

· **5.3 Advice for firefighters**· Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**· **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Ensure adequate ventilation

Keep away from ignition sources.

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

· **6.2 Environmental precautions:**

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

Dispose of the material collected according to regulations.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· **6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**· **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Keep receptacles tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed receptacles.

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Ensure good interior ventilation, especially at floor level. (Fumes are heavier than air).

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

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- Information about fire - and explosion protection: Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.  
Protect against electrostatic charges.
- **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
- Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store only in the original receptacle.  
Prevent any seepage into the ground.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from oxidising agents.  
Store away from foodstuffs.
- Further information about storage conditions: Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.  
Keep container tightly sealed.
- **7.3 Specific end use(s)** No further relevant information available.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

- Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

**8.1 Control parameters**

- Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

**100-42-5 styrene**

WEL	Short-term value: 1080 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 250 ppm Long-term value: 430 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 100 ppm
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- DNELs

**100-42-5 styrene**

Oral	DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)	2.1 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
Dermal	DNEL ( Langzeit-wiederholt)	406 mg/kg bw/day (ARB)
		343 mg/kg bw/day (BEV)
Inhalative	DNEL (Kurzzeit-akut)	289-306 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Air (ARB)
		174.25-182.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Air (BEV)
		85 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Air (ARB)
	DNEL (Langzeit-wiederholt)	10.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Air (BEV)

- PNECs

**100-42-5 styrene**

PNEC (wässrig)	5.0 mg/l (KA)
	0.0028 mg/l (MW)
	0.028 mg/l (SW)
	0.04 mg/l (WAS)
PNEC (fest)	0.2 mg/kg Trockengew (BO)
	0.0614 mg/kg Trockengew (MWS)
	0.614 mg/kg Trockengew (SWS)

- Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

**8.2 Exposure controls**

- Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures: Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.  
Use skin protection cream for skin protection.  
Clean skin thoroughly immediately after handling the product.

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- Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing  
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.  
Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
- Respiratory protection: Short term filter device:  
Filter AX  
In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.
  - Protection of hands: Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.  
After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.  
Skin protection agent recommendation for preventive skin shelter without use of protective gloves:  
ARRETIL (<http://www.stoko.com>)  
Skin protection agent recommendation for preventive skin shelter in application and combination of protective gloves:  
STOKO EMULSION (<http://www.stoko.com>)  
Skin protection recommendation for skin cleaning after product handling:  
SLIG SPEZIAL (<http://www.stoko.com>)  
Skin protection agent recommendation for skin aftercare:  
STOKO VITAN (<http://www.stoko.com>)  
The protection gloves to be used have to comply with the specifications of the directive 89/686/EC and the directive derived decree EN374, respectively, e.g. the above listed protection glove type. The mentioned permeation times' data were generated and verified with material samples of the recommended protection glove type in the scope of laboratory analyses of the company KCL GmbH in compliance with EN374.  
This recommendation refers exclusively to the material safety data sheet referenced product delivered by Akemi and the indicated field of application. In case of product dilution or in case of mixture with different substances or chemicals, and in condition of EN374 deviation the producer of CE-approved protection gloves must be contacted for detailed information (e.g., KCL GmbH, Germany, 36124 Eichenzell, internet: <http://www.kcl.de>).
-  Protective gloves
- The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.  
Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.  
Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation
- Material of gloves Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)  
The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.
  - Penetration time of glove material Value for the permeation: Level  $\leq$  6, 480 min  
The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.
  - For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)  
Vitoject (KCL, Art\_No. 890)
  - As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)  
Vitoject (KCL, Art\_No. 890)

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- Nitrile rubber, NBR  
Camatril (KCL, 730, 731, 732, 733)
- Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:  
Chloroprene rubber, CR  
Leather gloves  
Strong material gloves
- Eye protection:  
 Tightly sealed goggles
- Body protection:  
Protective work clothing

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****· General Information****· Appearance:**

Form: Structurally viscous

Colour: White

· Odour: Characteristic· pH-value: Not applicable**· Change in condition**Melting point/Melting range: Undetermined.Boiling point/Boiling range: 145 °C· Flash point: 31 °C· Ignition temperature: 480 °C· Self-igniting: Product is not selfigniting.· Danger of explosion: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.**· Explosion limits:**Lower: 1.2 Vol %Upper: 8.9 Vol %· Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 6 hPa· Density at 20 °C: 1.98 g/cm<sup>3</sup>**· Solubility in / Miscibility with water:**

Not miscible or difficult to mix.

**· Viscosity:**Dynamic: Not determined.Kinematic: Not determined.**· Solvent content:**Organic solvents: 11.7 %Solids content: 86.6 %· **9.2 Other information** No further relevant information available.**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**· **10.1 Reactivity** No further relevant information available.**· 10.2 Chemical stability****· Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:**

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

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· **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Exothermic polymerisation.  
 Reacts with peroxides and other radical forming substances.  
 Reacts with strong alkali.  
 Reacts with strong acids.  
 Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

· **10.4 Conditions to avoid**

No further relevant information available.

· **10.5 Incompatible materials:**

No further relevant information available.

· **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:**

No dangerous decomposition products known.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

· **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

· Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

**ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)**

Inhalative	LC50/4 h	98.4 mg/l (rat)
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**100-42-5 styrene**

Oral	LD50	5000 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD-Prüfrichtlinie 402)
Inhalative	LC50/4h	9.5 mg/m3 (mouse)
	LC50/4 h	11.8 mg/l (rat)
	NOAEC	4.34 mg/l (rat)

**7779-90-0 trizinc bis(orthophosphate)**

Oral	LD50	>5000 mg/kg (rat)
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· Primary irritant effect:

· Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

· Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Experience with humans:

After incorporation and inhalation styrene predominantly will be metabolized in the organism to mandelic and phenylglyoxylic acid and metabolites will pass through urine excretion.

· Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

After incorporation and inhalation styrene predominantly will be metabolized in the organism to mandelic and phenylglyoxylic acid and metabolites will pass through urine excretion.

· Acute effects (acute toxicity, irritation and corrosivity)

Styrene:

Artificial special nutrition in rat population, acute LD50 value, oral: 5000 mg/kg.  
 Inhalation, rat population, acute LC50 value (4h): 24 mg/l.

· CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Styrene

Tests for chromosome divergence:  
 Mouse micro-nucleus test: mutagen  
 Styrene:

Tests for DNA effects:

- exchange of chromatides: mutagen  
 - DNA chain fragmentation: mutagen

· Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

· STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to the hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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· Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.**SECTION 12: Ecological information**· **12.1 Toxicity**· Aquatic toxicity:**100-42-5 styrene**

EC50/96h	0.15-6.2 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
EC50	500 mg/l (BES) (ISO Vorschrift 8192-1986 E)
	5.5 mg/l (Photobac. phosphoreum)
IC50/72h	4.9 mg/l (green alge)
	1.4 mg mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum)
IC5/8d	> 200 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)
EC10/16h	72 mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
EC50/16h	> 72.0 mg mg/l (pseudomonas putida)
EC50/8d	> 200 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda)
EC50/72u	>1-<10 mg/l (green alge)
EC20/0.5h	140 mg/l (BES) (OECD 209)
EC10	0.28 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (EPA OTS 797.1050)
EC50/48h	0.56 mg/l (green alge)
	4.7 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/72h	0.46-4.9 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
LC50/96h	>1-<10 mg/l (piscis)
	25.0 mg/l (lem)
	3.24-4.99 mg/l (pimephales promelas)
	4.02 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)
	58.75-95.32 mg/l (poecilia reticulata)
LC50/72h	4.9 mg/l (green alge)

**7779-90-0 trizinc bis(orthophosphate)**

EC50/48h	0.04-0.86 mg/l (daphnia magna)
ErC50/72h	11 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
EC50/48h	28.2 mg/l (daphnia magna)
EC50/72h	0.136-0.15 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum)
LC50/96h	0.14-2.6 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

· **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

No further relevant information available.

· **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

No further relevant information available.

· **12.4 Mobility in soil**

No further relevant information available.

· Ecotoxicological effects:· Remark:

Harmful to fish

· Additional ecological information:· General notes:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Harmful to aquatic organisms

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): hazardous for water

· **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**· PBT:

Not applicable.

· vPvB:

Not applicable.

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· **12.6 Other adverse effects** No further relevant information available.

## \* SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### · 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· European waste catalogue

20 00 00	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS
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20 01 00	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)
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20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances
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· Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation: Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning.

· Recommended cleansing agents: Alcohol  
acetone

## \* SECTION 14: Transport information

### · 14.1 UN-Number

· ADR, IMDG, IATA UN3269

### · 14.2 UN proper shipping name

· ADR 3269 POLYESTER RESIN KIT  
· IMDG, IATA POLYESTER RESIN KIT

### · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR



· Class 3 (FT3) Flammable liquids.  
· Label 3

· IMDG, IATA



· Class 3 Flammable liquids.  
· Label 3

### · 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA III

### · 14.5 Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant: No

### · 14.6 Special precautions for user

Warning: Flammable liquids.  
· Danger code (Kemler): -  
· EMS Number: F-E,S-D  
· Stowage Category A

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· **14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code**

Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ)

5L

· Excepted quantities (EQ)

Code: See

· Transport category

3

· Tunnel restriction code

E

· Remarks:

Without hardener component: no dangerous goods &lt; 450 l

· IMDG

· Limited quantities (LQ)

5L

· Excepted quantities (EQ)

Code: See SP340

· Remarks:

Without hardener component: no dangerous goods &lt; 30 l

· IATA

· Remarks:

Without hardener component: 3/III UN 1866 Resin Solution

· UN "Model Regulation":

UN 3269 POLYESTER RESIN KIT, 3, III

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

· **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

· TSCA

14807-96-6	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural
100-42-5	styrene
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide
16389-88-1	dolomite
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)
112945-52-5	Hochdisperse Kieselsäure, synthetisches röntgenamorphes Siliciumdioxid
8001-79-4	Castor oil

· Directive 2012/18/EU

· Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Seveso category

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements

5,000 t

· Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements

50,000 t

· National regulations:

· Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.  
Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

· Waterhazard class:

Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.

· VOC EU

238.0 g/l

· **15.2 Chemical safety assessment:**

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

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**SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- Relevant phrases
  - H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
  - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
  - H315 Causes skin irritation.
  - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  - H332 Harmful if inhaled.
  - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
  - H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
  - H372 Causes damage to the hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
  - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
  - H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
  - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Recommended restriction of use refer to Technical Data Sheet (TDS)
- Department issuing SDS: Laboratory
- Contact: Dieter Zimmermann
- Abbreviations and acronyms:
  - ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
  - IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
  - IATA: International Air Transport Association
  - GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
  - EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
  - ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
  - CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
  - DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
  - PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)
  - LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
  - LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
  - PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
  - vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
  - SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern
  - Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3
  - Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
  - Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
  - Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2
  - Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2
  - STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
  - STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1
  - Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1
  - Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1
  - Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1
  - Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3